



SR802 THRU SR806

8.0 AMPS. Schottky Barrier Rectifiers

Voltage Range
20 to 60 Volts
Current
8.0 Amperes

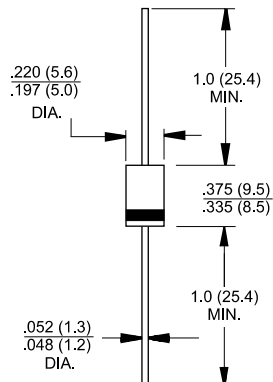
Features

- ✧ Low forward voltage drop
- ✧ High current capability
- ✧ High reliability
- ✧ High surge current capability

Mechanical Data

- ✧ Cases: DO-201AD molded plastic
- ✧ Epoxy: UL 94V-O rate flame retardant
- ✧ Lead: Axial leads, solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208 guaranteed
- ✧ Polarity: Color band denotes cathode end
- ✧ High temperature soldering guaranteed: 250°C/10 seconds/.375", (9.5mm) lead lengths at 5 lbs., (2.3kg) tension
- ✧ Weight: 1.1 grams

DO-201AD



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

Maximum Ratings and Electrical Characteristics

Rating at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.

Single phase, half wave, 60 Hz, resistive or inductive load.

For capacitive load, derate current by 20%

Type Number	SR802	SR803	SR804	SR805	SR806	Units
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	20	30	40	50	60	V
Maximum RMS Voltage	14	21	28	35	42	V
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	20	30	40	50	60	V
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current See Fig. 1	8.0					A
Peak Forward Surge Current, 8.3 ms Single Half Sine-wave Superimposed on Rated Load (JEDEC method)	175					A
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage @8.0A	0.55			0.70		V
Maximum D.C. Reverse Current @ T _A =25°C at Rated DC Blocking Voltage @ T _A =100°C	0.5 50					mA mA
Typical Thermal Resistance (Note 1) RθJA	15			10		°C/W
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note 2)	500			380		pF
Operating Junction Temperature Range T _J	-65 to +125			-65 to +150		°C
Storage Temperature Range T _{STG}	-65 to +150					°C

Notes: 1. Thermal Resistance from Junction to Ambient Vertical P.C. Board Mounting, 0.375" (9.5mm) Lead Length

2. Measured at 1 MHz and Applied Reverse Voltage of 4.0V D.C.

RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (SR802 THRU SR806)

FIG.1- MAXIMUM FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

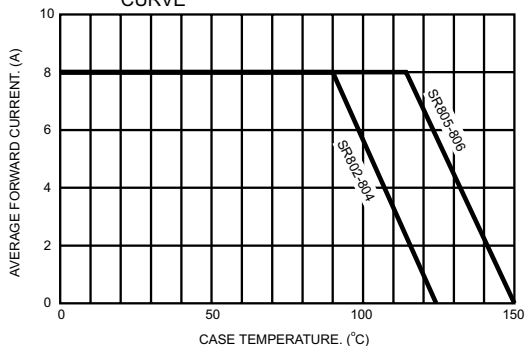


FIG.2- TYPICAL FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

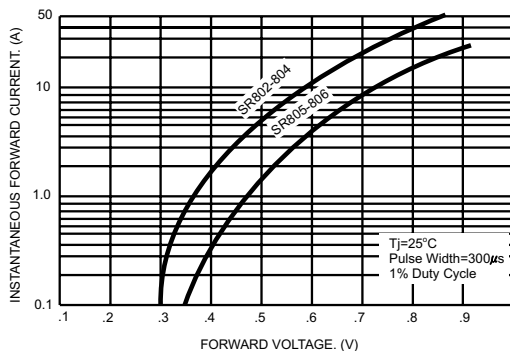


FIG.3- MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

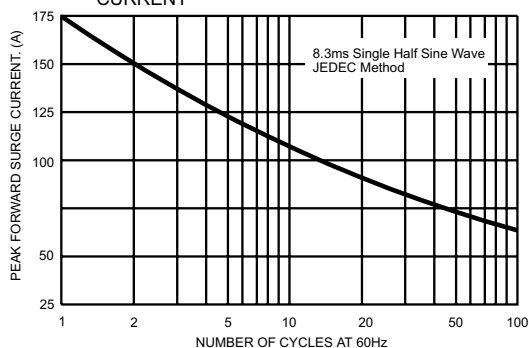


FIG.5- TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

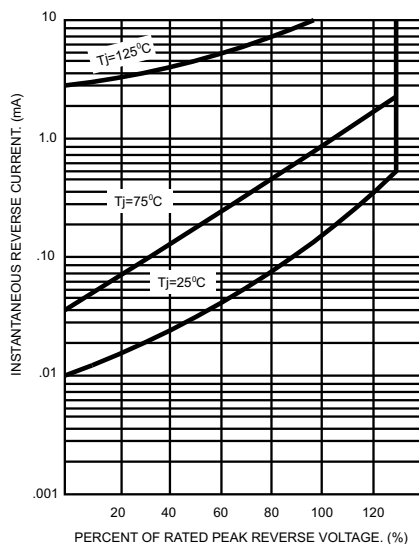


FIG.4- TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE PER LEG

